Senate



File No. 614

February Session, 2022

Senate Bill No. 382

Senate, April 25, 2022

The Committee on Finance, Revenue and Bonding reported through SEN. FONFARA of the 1st Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the Senate, that the bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING A CONNECTICUT NEW MARKET TAX CREDIT PROGRAM.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2022*) (a) As used in this section:
- 2 (1) "CHEFA Community Development Corporation" means the
- 3 community development corporation established as a subsidiary of the
- 4 Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority pursuant to
- 5 subsection (k) of section 10a-179 of the general statutes;
- 6 (2) "Community benefits" means activities that address a low-income
- 7 community's needs and social and economic priorities, primarily
- 8 through (A) the creation or retention of quality and accessible jobs, as
- 9 determined by the CHEFA Community Development Corporation,
- 10 within such community, (B) increasing access to high-quality goods or
- 11 services or healthy food for residents of such community, or (C) the
- 12 making or facilitation of environmental improvements to such

13 community;

- 14 (3) "Community business" means:
- (A) Any organization exempt from taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time, that is located in the state and for which (i) a substantial portion of the use of the tangible property of such business, whether owned or leased, is within a low-income community, and (ii) a substantial portion of the services performed for such business by its employees are performed in a low-income community; or
- 23 (B) A subsidiary of such organization, which subsidiary (i) is located 24 in the state, (ii) satisfies the provisions of subparagraphs (A)(i) and 25 (A)(ii) of this subdivision, and (iii) has as its purpose the furtherance of 26 the charitable mission of the organization;
 - (4) "Community development entity" means a corporation or limited liability company that (A) has a primary mission of serving or providing capital for low-income communities or residents of low-income communities, and (B) maintains accountability to residents of low-income communities through such residents' representation on any governing board of such entity or any advisory board of such entity;
 - (5) "Eligible costs" means, for purposes of the provision of a community benefit: (A) Capitalization required for a program that is developed, sponsored or managed by a community business and that benefits a low-income community; (B) the costs (i) of construction and for the acquisition of lands, structures, real or personal property, rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements and interest, necessary for a project, (ii) of the demolition or removal of any buildings or structures on land so acquired, and (iii) for the acquisition of any land to which such buildings or structures may be moved; (C) the costs for (i) the acquisition of machinery and equipment, (ii) the provision of working capital, and (iii) enlargements, additions, extensions, replacements, renovations and improvements; (D) the costs of engineering, financial and legal services and for plans, specifications, studies, surveys and estimates of costs and revenues; and (E) administrative expenses,

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expenses necessary or incident to determining the feasibility or practicability of constructing a project and such other expenses as may be necessary or incident to (i) the construction and acquisition of a

- 50 project, (ii) the financing of such construction or acquisition, and (iii) the
- 51 placing of a project in operation;

- (6) "Low-income community" means a census tract in the state for which (A) the poverty rate for such tract is at least twenty per cent, (B) the median family income for such tract, if such tract is not located in a metropolitan area, does not exceed eighty per cent of the state-wide median family income, or (C) the median family income for such tract, if such tract is located in a metropolitan area, does not exceed eighty per cent of the greater of the state-wide median family income or the metropolitan area median family income;
- (7) "Project" means a building or structure owned in its entirety by, or suitable for use in accordance with the charitable mission of, a community business, including machinery, equipment and other similar items necessary or convenient for the operation of the building, structure or community business;
- (8) "Qualified community development entity" means a community development entity that is certified by the CHEFA Community Development Corporation that such entity satisfies the requirements of subdivision (4) of this subsection and is eligible to receive equity investments under this section;
- (9) "Qualified equity investment" means an equity investment, acquired at its original issuance on or after July 1, 2022, solely in exchange for cash, in a qualified community development entity and that is designated as a qualified equity investment by the CHEFA Community Development Corporation pursuant to subsection (b) of this section; and
- (10) "Qualified low-income community investment" means an equity investment in or a loan to a community business.

(b) There is established a Connecticut new markets tax credit program to stimulate economic development in low-income communities. The CHEFA Community Development Corporation shall adopt written procedures in accordance with section 1-121 of the general statutes to establish any requirements of the program and to implement the provisions of this section.

- (1) (A) Any taxpayer may make an equity investment in a community development entity for the calendar years 2023 and 2024. For said calendar years, the CHEFA Community Development Corporation may designate an equity investment in a qualified community development entity as a qualified equity investment and the holder of such equity investment shall be eligible for a credit against the tax imposed under chapter 207, 208, 208a, 209, 210, 211 or 212a of the general statutes or section 38a-743 of the general statutes, in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this section.
- 93 (B) The aggregate amount of qualified equity investments designated 94 under this section shall not exceed twenty-five million dollars for 95 calendar year 2023 and twenty-five million dollars for calendar year 96 2024.
 - (2) The CHEFA Community Development Corporation may form one or more subsidiaries for the purposes of serving as a qualified community development entity. Any such subsidiary may be organized as a stock or nonstock corporation or a limited liability company. The CHEFA Community Development Corporation shall adopt a resolution prescribing the purposes for which such subsidiary is formed and the powers of the CHEFA Community Development Corporation such subsidiary shall have and may exercise.
 - (3) Each qualified community development entity shall use substantially all of the cash purchase price of a qualified equity investment, within twelve months of the date of issuance of such investment, to make qualified low-income community investments in a community business or businesses. Thereafter, each qualified community development entity shall maintain not less than eighty-five

per cent of such cash purchase price in qualified low-income community investments in a community business or businesses for the term of the qualified equity investment.

- 114 (c) (1) Any community business may apply to the CHEFA 115 Community Development Corporation for approval as a business 116 eligible to receive qualified low-income community investments under 117 this section. The application shall include (A) the name of the business 118 and a copy of the organizational documents of such business, (B) a 119 description of the community benefit such business provides or seeks to 120 provide, (C) a description of the eligible costs for which the community 121 business will use the proceeds of the qualified low-income community 122 investment and the expected amount of such eligible costs, and (D) such 123 CHEFA Community information as the Development 124 Corporation may require.
 - (2) Any community business that receives a qualified low-income community investment shall use the proceeds of such investment for eligible costs. The aggregate amount of qualified low-income community investments made in any community business shall not exceed forty per cent of the expected eligible costs or five million dollars, whichever is less.

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- (d) (1) The credit allowed under this section may be claimed as follows: (A) For the income year in which a qualified equity investment is made and for the next succeeding two income years, five per cent of the amount of the qualified equity investment; and (B) for each of the next succeeding four income years, six per cent of the amount of the qualified equity investment.
- (2) If any credit or any portion of a credit allowed under this section is not used because the amount of the credit exceeds the tax due and owing by the taxpayer, the unused amount may be carried forward for the five immediately succeeding income years or until the full credit has been claimed, whichever occurs earlier.
- 142 (3) Any taxpayer allowed a credit under this section may sell, assign

or otherwise transfer such credit, in whole or in part, to one or more taxpayers, provided such credit may not be sold, assigned or transferred more than three times.

- (4) Any taxpayer allowed a credit under this section may be subject to a credit recapture if (A) the community development entity ceases to be a qualified community development entity, (B) the qualified low-income community investment ceases to be used for the purposes of providing a community benefit, (C) a qualified low-income community investment is repaid or returned to a qualified community development entity, or (D) a qualified equity investment is repaid or returned to the holder of such qualified equity investment.
- (e) (1) Not later than forty-five days after the CHEFA Community Development Corporation designates an equity investment as a qualified equity investment pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, said corporation shall submit a form to the Department of Revenue Services, in a form and manner prescribed by the Commissioner of Revenue Services, that includes the date of issuance and the amount of the qualified equity investment, the identity of the taxpayer that holds such qualified equity investment and such other information the department deems necessary.
 - (2) After the CHEFA Community Development Corporation designates its first qualified equity investment under subsection (b) of this section, said corporation shall submit a quarterly report to the Department of Revenue Services that includes the amounts of qualified low-income community investments made, the dates such qualified low-income community investments were made and verification that the qualified low-income community investments were made, and continue to be invested, in eligible community businesses.
 - (f) If the CHEFA Community Development Corporation or the Commissioner of Revenue Services determines that a recapture of a credit or a portion of a credit allowed under this section is warranted, the commissioner shall notify the affected taxpayer of the proposed recapture. The affected taxpayer shall have ninety days after receipt of

such notice to cure any deficiency noted in the commissioner's recapture notice. If the affected taxpayer fails or is unable to cure the deficiency, the commissioner shall issue a final order of recapture to the affected taxpayer that includes the amount and any penalty and interest to be recaptured on such taxpayer's next tax return required to be filed, and shall provide a copy of such final order to the CHEFA Community Development Corporation.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following				
sections:				
Section 1	July 1, 2022	New section		

FIN Joint Favorable

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The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 23 \$	FY 24 \$
Department of Revenue Services	GF - Revenue	None	Up to \$1.3
	Loss		million

Note: GF=General Fund

Municipal Impact: None

Explanation

The bill, which establishes a Connecticut New Markets Tax Credit program for qualified investments made for the 2023 and 2024 calendar years, ¹ results in a General Fund revenue loss of up to \$1.3 million in FY 24.

The Out Years

The bill results in General Fund revenue losses of up to \$2.5 million in FY 25 and FY 26, up to \$2.8 million in FY 27, up to \$3 million from FY 28 through FY 30, and up to \$1.5 million in FY 31.

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¹ The bill caps the total amount of eligible investments that may be designated for tax credits at \$25 million in each of these years.

OLR Bill Analysis SB 382

AN ACT CONCERNING A CONNECTICUT NEW MARKET TAX CREDIT PROGRAM.

SUMMARY

This bill establishes a Connecticut New Markets Tax Credit (NMTC) program, administered by the Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority (CHEFA) Community Development Corporation (CDC), to stimulate economic development in low-income communities. Under the program, private investors making qualified equity investments (QEI) through a qualified community development entity (CDE) may receive state business tax credits equal to 39% of their investment, subject to the bill's conditions. The credits may be claimed over a seven-year period.

The bill requires these qualified CDEs to use these private investments to invest in or provide loans to eligible nonprofits (i.e., community businesses), which the bill refers to as qualified low-income community investments (QLICIs). The community businesses must, in turn, use the QLICIs for activities that address a low-income community's needs and social and economic priorities. This may include (1) capitalizing a program that benefits the community, (2) financing the costs of certain capital projects, and (3) providing working capital.

Under the bill, the credit-eligible investments must be made for the 2023 and 2024 calendar years. The bill caps the total amount of QEIs that the CHEFA CDC may designate for tax credits at \$25 million in each of these years.

The CHEFA CDC must adopt written procedures to implement the program and set any requirements, in accordance with the law

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governing the adoption of procedures by quasi-public agencies.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2022

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT ENTITIES

Under this program, CDEs are the intermediaries between investors and the community businesses serving low-income communities. A "CDE" is a corporation or limited liability company (LLC) that (1) has a primary mission of serving or providing capital for low-income communities, as described below, or their residents and (2) maintains accountability to the communities' residents through their representation on its advisory or governing board. Under the bill, the CHEFA CDC must certify that a CDE satisfies these criteria and is thus eligible to receive equity investments under the program (i.e., "qualified CDEs").

The bill authorizes the CHEFA CDC to form one or more subsidiaries, organized as an LLC or stock or nonstock corporation, to serve as a qualified CDE. The CHEFA CDC must adopt a resolution prescribing the purposes for which the subsidiary is formed and the powers of the CHEFA CDC that the subsidiary has and can exercise.

QUALIFYING LOW-INCOME COMMUNITIES

Under the bill, a "low-income community" is a census tract that meets at least one of the following criteria:

- 1. a poverty rate of at least 20%;
- 2. is located in a metropolitan area and has a median family income of 80% or less of either the statewide or metropolitan area median family income, whichever is greater; or
- 3. is located outside a metropolitan area and has a median family income of 80% or less of the statewide median family income.

These same criteria apply when determining the eligible low-income communities under the federal NMTC program (see BACKGROUND).

QUALIFIED INVESTMENTS

For the 2023 and 2024 calendar years, the bill allows any taxpayer to make an equity investment in a CDE. For those years, the CHEFA CDC may designate an equity investment in a qualified CDE as a QEI. A "QEI" is an equity investment made on or after July 1, 2022, solely in exchange for cash, in a qualified CDE. (Although the bill specifies that these investments are made on or after July 1, 2022, the credit-eligible investments must be made in the 2023 and 2024 calendar years.) The bill caps at \$25 million the aggregate amount of QEIs the CHEFA CDC may designate in each of these years.

Qualified CDEs must use substantially all of the QEI's cash purchase price, within 12 months after the investment's issuance, to make QLICIs (i.e., equity investments or loans in a community business or businesses; see below). Thereafter, each qualified CDE must maintain at least 85% of the QEI's cash purchase price in QLICIs for the QEI's term.

COMMUNITY BUSINESSES

Under the bill, a "community business" is a 501(c)(3) federally taxexempt organization located in Connecticut (1) that has a substantial portion of its tangible personal property (owned or leased) in a lowincome community and (2) whose employees perform a substantial portion of services in a low-income community. It includes any subsidiary of the organization that (1) is located in Connecticut, (2) meets these criteria, and (3) has a purpose to further the organization's charitable mission.

Application

Community businesses may apply to the CHEFA CDC for approval as a business eligible to receive QLICIs. The application must include:

- 1. the business's name and a copy of its organizational documents,
- 2. a description of the community benefit (as described below) the business provides or seeks to provide,
- 3. the expected amount and description of the eligible costs for

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which the business will use the QLICI proceeds, and

4. any other information the CHEFA CDC requires.

Eligible Costs. Community businesses receiving a QLICI must use the proceeds for eligible costs. The total amount of QLICIs a community business can receive is limited to the lesser of 40% of the expected eligible costs or \$5 million.

"Eligible costs" are the following:

- capitalization required for a program a community business develops, sponsors, or manages and that benefits a low-income community;
- the costs of constructing and acquiring lands, structures, real or personal property, rights, rights-of-way, franchises, easements, and interest necessary for a project (as described below), including demolishing or removing any buildings or structures on acquired land and acquiring land to which they may be moved;
- 3. the costs for (a) acquiring machinery and equipment; (b) providing working capital; (c) enlargements, additions, extensions, replacements, renovations, and improvements; and (d) engineering, financial, and legal services for plans, specifications, studies, surveys, and estimates of costs and revenues; and
- 4. administrative expenses, expenses necessary or incident to determining a project's feasibility or practicability, and any other expenses necessary or incident to project (a) construction and acquisition, (b) financing, and (c) operations.

Project

The bill defines "project" as a building or structure owned by a community business or suitable for use according to its charitable mission. It includes machinery, equipment, and other similar items

necessary or convenient for operating the building, structure, or community business.

Community Benefits

Under the bill, the eligible costs for which community businesses may use QLICIs must provide a "community benefit." These are activities that address a low-income community's needs and social and economic priorities, primarily through the following:

- 1. creating or retaining quality and accessible jobs in the community, as determined by the CHEFA CDC;
- 2. increasing access to high-quality goods or services or healthy food for the community's residents; or
- 3. making or facilitating environmental improvements to the community.

TAX CREDITS

Credit Claims and Allowance

Under the bill, QEI holders are eligible for a credit against the following business taxes: insurance premiums tax; corporation business tax; unrelated business income tax; air carriers tax; railroad companies tax; cable, satellite, and video companies tax; public service companies tax; and surplus lines brokers tax. Taxpayers may claim the credits over a seven-year period in an amount equal to (1) 5% of the QEI for the income year in which the investment is made and for the following two income years and (2) 6% of the QEI for the next four income years (i.e., 39% total).

Taxpayers may carry forward unused credits for up to five succeeding income years, until fully used, and transfer the credits, in whole or part, to other taxpayers up to three times.

Credit Administration

Within 45 days after designating a QEI, the CHEFA CDC must submit a form to the Department of Revenue Services (DRS) providing

(1) the investment's amount and issuance date, (2) the identity of the taxpayer holding the investment, and (3) any other information DRS deems necessary. The DRS commissioner must prescribe the form and manner for this submission.

Credit Recapture

The credits are subject to recapture under the following conditions:

- 1. the CDE ceases to be a qualified CDE,
- 2. the QLICI ceases to be used to provide a community benefit,
- 3. a QLICI is repaid or returned to a qualified CDE, or
- 4. a QEI is repaid or returned to the investment's holder.

If the CHEFA CDC or DRS commissioner determines that a recapture of all or part of a credit is warranted, it must notify the affected taxpayer. If the taxpayer cannot or does not correct the deficiency within 90 days after receiving this notice, the DRS commissioner must issue a final recapture order that includes the amount, including any penalty and interest, to be recaptured on the taxpayer's next required tax return filing. He must provide a copy of this final order to the CHEFA CDC.

Quarterly Report

The bill requires the CHEFA CDC to submit quarterly reports to DRS beginning after it designates its first QEI. The reports must include (1) the amount and date of each QLICI made and (2) verification that these investments were made and continue to be invested in eligible community businesses.

BACKGROUND

Federal NMTC Program

The federal NMTC program uses federal income tax credits to attract private capital for projects in low-income communities. Under this program, qualified investment groups, known as CDEs, apply to the U.S. Department of Treasury's Community Development Financial

Institutions Fund (CDFI) for an allocation of the NMTCs. The CDEs seek taxpayers to make QEIs in the CDEs. The CDE then makes equity investments in qualified low-income communities and low-income community businesses. The tax credit's value is 39% of the cost of the QEI and is claimed over a seven-year period. Investors must retain their interest in a QEI throughout this period.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Finance, Revenue and Bonding Committee

Joint Favorable Yea 51 Nay 0 (04/05/2022)